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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/651,678	08/29/2003	Edward Michael Even	GE131915	9311	
29827 7	7590 10/11/2005		EXAMINER		
FRANCIS L. CONTE, ESQ. 6 PURITAN AVENUE SWAMPSCOTT, MA 01907			HEINRICH, SAMUEL M		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1725	1725	
			DATE MAILED: 10/11/2004	DATE MAIL ED. 10/11/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		102		Amulian M/-		
		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)		
	Office Action Summary	10/651,67	8	EVEN ET AL.		
	Cinco Action Cammary	Examiner	Llaineigh	Art Unit		
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Samuel M.		1725		
Period fo			over once marare o	orrespondence address		
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DOWNS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF TH 36(a). In no eve will apply and wil	IIS COMMUNICATION int, however, may a reply be tim I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	N. hely filed the mailing date of this communication. D. (35 U.S.C. & 133).		
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Se	eptember 2	<u>005</u> .			
2a) <u></u> □		action is no	·· ·····	•		
3)[3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Qua	ayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	i3 O.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application.			•		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>22-24</u> is/are withdraw		sideration.			
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election re	quirement.			
Applicati	ion Papers		·			
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r	•			
	The drawing(s) filed on <u>08/29/2003</u> , <u>09/19/2005</u>		⊠ accepted or b)⊟ o	biected to by the Examiner		
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		•	` '		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
		priority used	lor 25 11 S.C. S.440(-)	(d) or (f)		
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:	priority und	ei 30 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(u) or (t).		
۵,	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have heer	received			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents			on No		
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior					
	application from the International Bureau			d iii tiiis National Stage		
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list			d.		
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Attachmen	nt(e)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO_413)		
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Paper No(s)/Mail Da			
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date			atent Application (PTO-152)		
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-6, 11-17, and 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (AAPA) in view of USPN 4,967,655 to Holderegger et al and in view of USPN 6,200,689 to Ferrigno et al and in view of USPN 6,427,995 to Steinwall. With respect to (WRT) claims 1 and 11, AAPA comprises the description in the Specification of "Background of the Invention", and the Information Disclosure Statement (08/29/2003) particularly five photos of a "Conventional Shock Peening Alignment Fixture". The five photos show an upright clamp structure and a smaller clamp plate which is bolted to the upright. Both the upright and the plate have

apertures therein capable of passing a laser beam therethrough for simultaneous laser processing of both sides of clamped work. Ferrigno et al show simultaneous laser processing of a workpiece using two angled and opposing lasers. Angled or tapered clamps are well known in the clamp art as disclosed, for example, by Holderegger et al. The use of a tapered clamp for simultaneous laser processing of laser targets such as targets disclosed as well known in the instant specification (Specification, Page 3, line 2 through Page 4) would have been obvious at the time applicant's invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art because the taper allows for simulation of actual laser processing such as disclosed by Ferrigno et al. The oval aperture, as opposed to the well known and illustrated round aperture, would have been obvious at the time applicant's invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art as being a change in shape for suitable access for an angled beam. Clamps having indents or seats for holding particular work pieces are well known as shown for example by Steinwall and the use of seats in any clamp face would have been obvious at the time applicant's invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art depending on a known work piece shape. WRT claims describing a change in depth of an aperture, the change in depth would have been obvious at the time applicant's invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art as inherent in a tapered apertured clamp. AAPA shows a base plate (five photos of Fixture). Ferrigno et al describe computer control and adjustable optics. The intended use of a computer for particular control does not impart patentability to the apparatus claims.

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Claims 7-10 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (AAPA) in view of USPN 4,967,655 to Holderegger et al and in view of USPN 6,200,689 to Ferrigno et al and in view of USPN 6,427,995 to Steinwall as applied to claims 6 and 13 above, and further in view of USPN 3,711,712 to McLaren. McLaren describes the use of cross hairs with alignment of apparatus and work piece. The use of cross hairs with the AAPA clamp would have been obvious at the time applicant's invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art because they provide quick alignment.

Conclusion

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-21 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited art pertains to clamp and holder features.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Samuel M. Heinrich whose telephone number is 571-272-1175. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas G. Dunn can be reached on 571-272-1171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Samuel M Heinrich Primary Examiner Art Unit 1725